



Care and maintenance of Drywipe Rollerboard Panels:

As with any quality product, proper care and maintenance will extend the useful life of your TeacherBoards Panels and help maintain its original beauty and finish.

The following instructions will serve as a guide to normal cleaning maintenance, as well as a guide to specific dry erase performance.

General Conditions:

Ordinary dirt smudges can be removed with a mild soap, warm water and if necessary a soft bristle brush. Clean from bottom of the wall upward. For stubborn stains use rubbing alcohol (isopropyl alcohol) with a soft cloth. Rinse thoroughly with clean water from the top down using a sponge. Dry with a soft, lint-free cloth or towel.

Stains should be removed as quickly as possible to eliminate any possible reaction between the staining agent and the panel. Time is especially important for removing materials including colours or solvents, such as ballpoint ink, lipstick, oil, shampoo tints, and some foodstuffs. If stains remain on the panel too long, permanent discolouration may develop.

Drywipe cloth should not be sprayed with wax or any other protective coating. Such application will discolour the material.

Do not use steel wool or powdered abrasives because they damage the surface. Do not use active solvent type cleaning preparations such as nail polish remover, tar and oil remover etc as they will remove the finish from the surface.

No marker board conditioners or re-surfacers should be used with this product.

General Drywipe Wall Use.

For best results we recommend the use of 'Pilot' drymarker pens.

Remove dry erase markings with a recommended eraser for longer lasting surface effectiveness.

Press firmly when erasing, using a circular motion. Change or clean erasers frequently as they become dirty. Dirty erasers will not clean effectively as they leave excess ink on the surface.

Difficult erasing may be the result of a residue build-up from cleaners. For best results rinse surface thoroughly with water after cleaning.

Do not use ballpoint pens or other sharp pointed objects on the surface.

Using permanent markers may result in staining. Permanent marker may be erased by writing over the permanent mark with a dry erase marker and then erasing. Alternatively the mark may also be removed with isopropyl alcohol, but prompt action is crucial to prevent permanent staining.

Long Term Care.



For daily cleaning, or as needed, rinse the surface with water. This may be done with a soft cloth or sponge. Some drymarker pens may leave a shine on our material when erased. This is not a permanent stain and can easily be removed using a dry erase non-abrasive cleaner.

To maintain a long lifeline of this product, we do not recommend its use in environments over 120°F or in temperature/humidity combinations over 100°F/85% relative humidity.

Do not leave ink on the material for an extended period of time. We recommend frequent removal of all dry erase marks and cleaning the surface to insure long-term functionality.

Tensioning

TOP ROLLER BRAKE DEVICE

Use this device to prevent writing surface 'rolling on'. Ensure tension is equally applied to both sides.

BOTTOM ROLLER RESTRICTION PINS

Tension the writing surface by positioning pins at lowest possible level.

See diagram:

Rollerboard Chalk Surfaces Care & Maintenance



General Use:

Prior to use it is essential to “chalk in” all new, cleaned, or repainted chalk writing surfaces.

“Chalking in” entails covering the entire surface with white chalk dust (the side of a soft stick of white chalk will suffice) and rubbing the chalk dust into the surface with a soft cloth or felt eraser. This process effectively primes the writing surface and greatly assists with erasing.

For Best Results:

- Only use good quality soft chalk. TeacherBoards recommend and supply Omya Anti Dust Chalk. As a calcium carbonate chalk, it is inherently soft. Unlike some other anti dust chalks, Omya’s thin anti dust coating will not create a waxy build up on the chalk surface.
- Inferior quality (calcium sulphate) chalks may scratch and damage the surface. Do not persist with any chalk that shows signs of scratching the surface.
- Coloured chalk should NOT be used until the chalk surface has been fully “primed” with white chalk dust (typically after 2-3 weeks usage with white chalk).
- Erase marks using a TeacherBoards skybrush, felt eraser, or open mesh soft cloth. If using a felt eraser, please ensure it is cleaned on a regular basis.
- Do not apply Blue-Tack, wax crayon, marker pen, or Sellotape to rollerboard chalk writing surfaces. These will prove difficult to remove and may cause irreversible damage.

Maintenance:

Remove excessive chalk dust with a soft open mesh cloth.

Avoid cleaning with water. The surface works best when coated with a fine layer of chalk dust.

Do not apply solvents, abrasive cleaning solutions, detergents, or polishes to any chalk writing surface.

Do not apply water to renovated / repainted surfaces.



TeacherBoards recommends the use of skybrushes to erase the chalk surface. These have glass fibre bristles that lift the excess chalk from the surface. More traditional felt erasers need to be cleaned or replaced regularly to avoid surface build up resulting from residue being moved around the surface.

Original (unpainted) surfaces may be cleaned only where absolutely necessary ie. where something spilt on surface, with warm water using the following instructions:

- Work water into the surface using a sponge or soft bristle brush. For very greasy/waxy surfaces a very fine grade of wet & dry sandpaper may be used. Apply just enough pressure to break down the greasy/waxy deposits, take care not to scratch the surface of the material. **(Please take extreme care – TeacherBoards cannot accept responsibility for damage caused to the surface during this procedure).**
- Use a sponge to draw the water residue from the surface.
- Rinse with clean warm water.
- Dry immediately after cleaning using a soft, dry cloth. Before proceeding ensure the surface is completely dry.
- “Chalk in” prior to use.